Redis cheat sheet v2.5

Test

\$ redis-cli 127.0.0.1:6379> ping 127.0.0.1:6379> auth mypassword 127.0.0.1:6379> set somekey somevalue 127.0.0.1:6379> get somekey

Common commands

Meta

- KEYS * (or KEYS "pattern with *'s" *'s are wildcards)
- TYPE key
- DEL key

Atomic

- SET/MSET key val (key2 val2 key3 val3...)
- GET/MGET key (key2 key3...)
- EXISTS key
- GETRANGE key i1 i2 (substr; indices inclusive; neg indices from end)
- For numeric only:
 - INCR/DECR key
 - INCRBY/DECRBY key num
 - INCRBYFLOAT key num

\mathbf{Sets}

- SADD setname elem1 elem2 elem3...
- SREM setname elem
- SMEMBERS setname
- SCARD setname (# of elements)
- SDIFF setname1 setname2
- SINTER setname1 setname2
- SUNION setname1 setname2
- SPOP setname (removes a random element)
- SRANDMEMBER setname (returns a random element)

(Linked) Lists

- LPUSH/RPUSH listname val1 val2 val3...
- LPOP/RPOP listname
- LRANGE listname i1 i2 (to view elements of list)
- LTRIM listname i1 i2 (to crop list to only sublist of values)
- LLEN listname
- LINDEX listname index (get by index)
- LSET listname index val (set by index)
- LREM listname cnt val (remove (first cnt matches) by val)

Hashes (dicts)

- HSET hashname key value
- HGET hashname key
- HEXISTS hashname key
- HLEN hashname (number of key/val pairs)
- HKEYS hashname (gets all keys)
- HVALS hashname (gets all values)
- HGETALL hashname (gets all keys and values in one alternating list)

Sorted sets

A sorted set is a set whose members have numeric "scores," and which can be queried in various ways to take advantage of this. By default, as in golf, the item with the top/best "rank" (*i.e.*, rank 0) is the one with the *lowest* score, and the bottom rank (*i.e.*, rank *n*-1, where *n* is the cardinality of the set) is the one with the highest score. Adding the letters "REV" after the Z for the range commands will reverse this, giving rank 0 to the item with the *highest* score instead.

- ZADD ssname score elem (note: score comes before element)
- ZSCORE ssname elem (get score for element)
- ZRANK ssname elem (get rank of element)
- ZRANGEBYSCORE ssname score score (get element(s) for score)
- ZINCRBY ssname increment elem (increment score for an element)
- ZCARD ssname (# elements in sset)
- ZCOUNT ssname min max (# elements with scores in range)
- ZRANGE/ZRANGEBYSCORE ssname min max (range of elements by rank or score) (can also include WITHSCORES as a third argument to get the scores as well as the elements)
- ZREM ssname elem
- ZREMRANGEBYRANK/ZREMRANGEBYSCORE ssname min max (bulk remove)

Tips on combining data structures

If you want a bunch of objects that are hashes (say, a bunch of baseball players), best way is to make the top-level key a naming convention, like so:

127.0.0.1:6379> hmset player:ruth uni 3 pos OF team yanks 127.0.0.1:6379> hmset player:gwynn uni 19 pos OF team padres

You can retrieve the keys with KEYS player:*.

Python support

Connecting

Install redis package (with pip), then:

import redis

```
r = redis.Redis(password="yourpassword")  # Can set hostname, port, etc
```

....or....

Example usage

```
r.keys()
                                   <- get all keys in entire database
r.keys("person:*")
                                    <- get all keys that start with a prefix
r.exists("name")
                                    <- True/False
r.set("name","stephen")
                                   <- "stephen"
r.get("name")
                                   <- "tep"
r.getrange("name",2,3)
r.sadd("davieses","Stephen")
                                   <- add one/multiple members to a set
r.sadd("davieses","Rae","Lizzy","TJ","Johnny")
r.rpush("holidays","halloween")
                                   <- add one/multiple elems to a list
r.rpush("holidays","thanksgiving","christmas","new years")
r.lrange("holidays",1,3)
                                   <- retrieve slice of list (inclusive)
r.ltrim("holidays",1,3)
                                    <- permanently trim list (inclusive)
r.hset("soccer","ball","round")
r.hget("soccer","ball")
r.hkeys("soccer")
                                   <- get all keys of hash
r.hvalues("soccer")
                                    <- get all values of hash
r.zadd("golf",{'tiger':63,'xander':67,'phil':66})
r.zscore("golf",'phil')
                                   <- get phil's golf score
r.zrank("golf", 'phil')
                                   <- get phil's rank (from lowest, from 0)
r.zincrby("golf",3,'xander') <- incr xander's golf score by 3</pre>
                                   <- get players ranked 3 through 6
r.zrange("golf",3,6)
r.zrange("golf",0,-1)
                              <- get all players, in rank order
r.zrange("golf",0,-1,withscores=True) <- include scores in the above</pre>
```